



2005 Republican Freedom Calendar



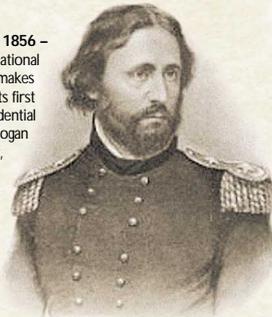
June 10, 1964 – Senate Republican Leader Everett Dirksen (R-IL) criticizes Democrat filibuster against 1964 Civil Rights Act, calls on Democrats to stop opposing racial equality

June 10, 1971 – Birth of Bobby Jindal of Louisiana, Indian-American Republican nominee in 2004 for U.S. House; top-ranking official in Bush administration and Republican nominee for Governor in 2003



June 2, 1924 – Republican President Calvin Coolidge signs bill passed by Republican Congress granting U.S. citizenship to all Native Americans

June 17, 1856 – Republican National Convention makes John C. Fremont its first Republican presidential nominee, with slogan "Free soil, free labor, free speech, and Fremont"



June 21, 1832 – Birth of U.S. Rep. Joseph Rainey (R-SC), former slave who in 1870 became first African-American member of U.S. House



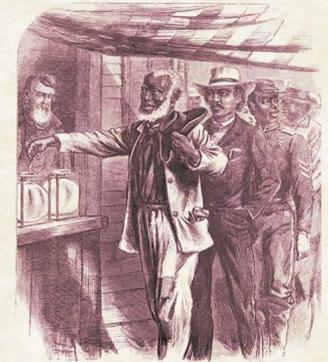
June 12, 1987 – Echoing Lincoln's call to end slavery in America, President Ronald Reagan calls for freedom for the millions enslaved by Communism: at Brandenburg Gate in Berlin, he demands that the Soviet Union "tear down this wall"



June 5, 1956 – Republican federal judge Frank Johnson rules in favor of Rosa Parks in decision striking down "blacks in the back of the bus" law



June 14, 1877 – Nominated by U.S. Rep. James Freeman (R-GA), Henry O. Flipper becomes first African-American to graduate from West Point



June 22, 1870 – Republican Congress creates U.S. Department of Justice, to safeguard the civil rights of African-Americans against Democrats in the South



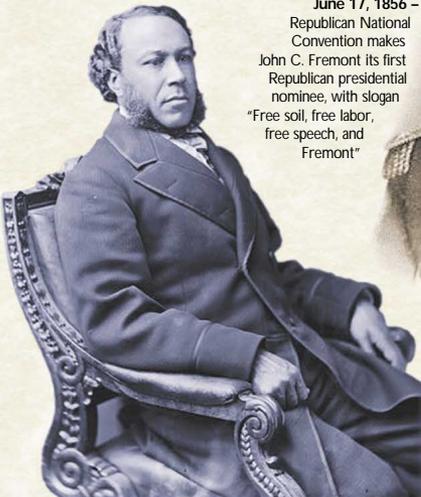
June 30, 1910 – Estelle Reel (R-WY), first woman in nation elected to statewide office and first woman confirmed by U.S. Senate to a federal post, retires after 12 years as U.S. Superintendent of Indian Schools



June 19, 1865 – On "Juneteenth," U.S. troops land in Galveston, TX to enforce ban on slavery that had been declared more than two years before by the Emancipation Proclamation



June 14, 1835 – Birth of Hispanic Republican Trinidad Romero, Delegate from New Mexico to U.S. Congress, 1887-89; later appointed U.S. Marshal by Republican President Benjamin Harrison



JUNE

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
29	30	31	1 <i>June 1, 1963</i> – Democrat Governor George Wallace announces defiance of court order issued by Republican federal judge Frank Johnson to integrate University of Alabama	2 <i>June 2, 1924</i> – Republican President Calvin Coolidge signs bill passed by Republican Congress granting U.S. citizenship to all Native Americans	3 <i>June 3, 1884</i> – U.S. Rep. John Lynch (R-MS), a former slave, presides over Republican National Convention	4 <i>June 4, 1860</i> – Republican U.S. Senator Charles Sumner (R-MA) delivers his classic address, <i>The Barbarism of Slavery</i>
5 <i>June 5, 1956</i> – Republican federal judge Frank Johnson rules in favor of Rosa Parks in decision striking down “blacks in the back of the bus” law	6 <i>June 6, 2001</i> – President George W. Bush issues Executive Order enhancing federal employment opportunities for Asian-Americans and Pacific Islanders	7 <i>June 7, 1892</i> – In a first for a major U.S. political party, two women – Theresa Jenkins and Cora Carleton – attend Republican National Convention in an official capacity, as alternate delegates	8 <i>June 8, 1866</i> – U.S. Senate passes Republicans’ 14th Amendment guaranteeing due process and equal protection of the law to all citizens; 94% of Republicans vote yes and 100% of Democrats vote no	9 <i>June 9, 1964</i> – Republicans condemn 14-hour filibuster against 1964 Civil Rights Act by U.S. Senator and former Ku Klux Klansman Robert Byrd (D-WV), who still serves in the Senate	10 <i>June 10, 1964</i> – Senate Minority Leader Everett Dirksen (R-IL) criticizes Democrat filibuster against 1964 Civil Rights Act, calls on Democrats to stop opposing racial equality	11 <i>June 11, 1924</i> – African-American Henry Lincoln Johnson leads Georgia delegation to Republican National Convention, a first for a major U.S. political party
12 <i>June 12, 1929</i> – First Lady Lou Hoover invites wife of U.S. Rep. Oscar De Priest (R-IL), an African-American, to tea at the White House, sparking protests by Democrats across the country	13 <i>June 13, 1928</i> – U.S. Senate Majority Leader Charles Curtis (R-KS), descendant of American Indians who was raised on a reservation, becomes Republican nominee for Vice President	14 <i>June 14, 1877</i> – Nominated by U.S. Rep. James Freeman (R-GA), Henry O. Flipper becomes first African-American to graduate from West Point	15 <i>June 15, 1864</i> – Republican Congress votes equal pay for African-American troops serving in U.S. Army during Civil War	16 <i>June 16, 1854</i> – Newspaper editor Horace Greeley calls on opponents of slavery to unite in the Republican Party	17 <i>June 17, 1856</i> – Republican National Convention makes John C. Fremont its first Republican presidential nominee, with slogan “Free soil, free labor, free speech, and Fremont”	18 <i>June 18, 1912</i> – African-American Robert Church, founder of Lincoln Leagues to register black voters in Tennessee, attends 1912 Republican National Convention as delegate; eventually serves as delegate at 8 conventions
19 Father’s Day <i>June 19, 1865</i> – On “Juneteenth,” U.S. troops land in Galveston, TX to enforce ban on slavery that had been declared more than two years before by the Emancipation Proclamation	20 <i>June 20, 1964</i> – <i>The Chicago Defender</i> , renowned African-American newspaper, praises Senate Republican Leader Everett Dirksen (R-IL) for leading passage of 1964 Civil Rights Act	21 <i>June 21, 1832</i> – Birth of U.S. Rep. Joseph Rainey (R-SC), former slave who in 1870 became first African-American member of U.S. House	22 <i>June 22, 1870</i> – Republican Congress creates U.S. Department of Justice, to safeguard the civil rights of African-Americans against Democrats in the South	23 <i>June 23, 1958</i> – President Dwight Eisenhower meets with Martin Luther King and other African-American leaders to discuss plans to advance civil rights	24 <i>June 24, 1940</i> – Republican Party platform calls for integration of the armed forces; for the balance of his terms in office, FDR fails to order it	25 <i>June 25, 1996</i> – Death of U.S. Court of Appeals Judge Elbert Tuttle, appointed by President Dwight Eisenhower; eulogized for ensuring that <i>Brown v. Board of Education</i> became “a broad mandate for racial justice”
26 <i>June 26, 1857</i> – Abraham Lincoln declares Republican position that slavery is “cruelly wrong,” while Democrats “cultivate and excite hatred” for blacks	27 <i>June 27, 1940</i> – Charles Anderson (R-KY), first African-American state legislator from a southern state in the 20th century, serves as delegate to the 1940 Republican National Convention	28 <i>June 28, 1864</i> – Republican majority in Congress repeals Fugitive Slave Acts	29 <i>June 29, 1982</i> – President Ronald Reagan signs 25-year extension of 1965 Voting Rights Act	30 <i>June 30, 1910</i> – Estelle Reel (R-WY), first woman in nation elected to statewide office and first woman confirmed by U.S. Senate to a federal post, retires after 12 years as U.S. Superintendent of Indian Schools	MAY	JULY
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“Slavery is a violation of the rights of a man; that the law of nature which is the law of liberty, gives to no man rights superior to those of another; that God and nature have secured to each individual the inalienable right of equality... Upon a hatred of slavery, and the desire for an accountable, fiscally responsible, government, the above resolution was overwhelmingly adopted in its entirety.”

The first Republican state party platform, Michigan, 1854

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“Believing that the spirit of our institutions as well as the Constitution of our country, guarantees liberty of conscience and equality of rights among citizens, we oppose all legislation impairing their security.”

1856 Republican Party national platform

